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## Structure Reports

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## 8-Chloro-5,5-dimethyl-5,6-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-c]quinazoline

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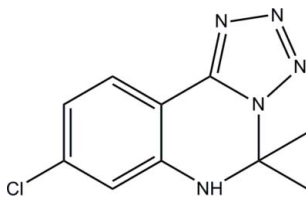
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 100$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.053;  $wR$  factor = 0.137; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.0.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_5$ , the tetrazole ring and the phenyl ring make a dihedral angle of  $7.7(2)^\circ$ . The hexahydropyrimidine ring adopts a screw-boat conformation. In the crystal, intermolecular bifurcated  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots(\text{N},\text{N})$  hydrogen bonds link the molecules into [001] chains.

## Related literature

For applications of tetrazole derivatives, see: Upadhayaya *et al.* (2004); Poonian *et al.* (1976); Ismail *et al.* (2006); Mulwad & Kewat (2008); Uchida *et al.* (1989). For ring conformations, see: Boeyens (1978). For the stability of the temperature controller used in the data collection, see: Cosier & Glazer (1986).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_5$   
 $M_r = 235.68$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 6.8324(16)$  Å

$b = 21.532(5)$  Å  
 $c = 9.4337(16)$  Å  
 $\beta = 130.823(11)^\circ$   
 $V = 1050.2(4)$  Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.34$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 100$  K  
 $0.16 \times 0.11 \times 0.05$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker APEXII DUO CCD diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.948$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.982$

9660 measured reflections  
 2412 independent reflections  
 1777 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.066$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.053$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.137$   
 $S = 1.12$   
 2412 reflections  
 151 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.61$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.31$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N5}-\text{H1N5}\cdots\text{N1}^i$	0.85 (4)	2.35 (4)	3.190 (3)	173 (6)
$\text{N5}-\text{H1N5}\cdots\text{N2}^i$	0.85 (4)	2.57 (4)	3.326 (3)	150 (4)

Symmetry code: (i)  $x + 1, y, z + 1$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5733).

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§ Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-5523-2009.

**supplementary materials**

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## 8-Chloro-5,5-dimethyl-5,6-dihydro-1,2,4-triazolo[1,5-c]quinazoline

H.-K. Fun, C. S. Yeap, J. Gowda, A. M. A. Khader and B. Kalluraya

### Comment

A number of tetrazole derivatives were reported as to be antifungal agents (Upadhayaya *et al.*, 2004), antiviral agents (Poonian *et al.*, 1976), angiotensin II AT<sup>1</sup> receptor antagonists (Ismail *et al.*, 2006), antibacterial agents (Mulwad & Kewat, 2008) and anti-ulcer agents (Uchida *et al.*, 1989). On the basis of these considerations, our particular attention was directed to synthesise some tetrazole derivatives.

The title compound is a three fused-ring structure (Fig. 1). The tetrazole ring and the phenyl ring make dihedral angle of 7.7 (2)°. The hexahydropyrimidine ring adopts a screw-boat conformation, with puckering amplitude  $Q = 0.308$  (3) Å,  $\theta = 61.8$  (6)°,  $\phi = 270.4$  (7)° (Boeyens, 1978). In the crystal structure, intermolecular bifurcated  $N5-H1N5\cdots N1$  and  $N5-H1N5\cdots N2$  hydrogen bonds link the molecules into chains along *c* axis (Fig. 2, Table 1).

### Experimental

To a solution of 2-amino-4-chlorobenzonitrile (4.2 mmol) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide was added ammonium chloride (3 eq) and sodium azide (3 eq). The resulting reaction mixture was refluxed for 12 h. The completion of reaction was checked by TLC (100% EA). The reaction mixture was poured into ice-water after cooling to RT and acidified to give tetrazoles as a white mass. The resulting compound was then condensed with acetone to get the title compound: colourless plates were obtained by crystallization from acetone under slow evaporation (Mp. 501 K).

### Refinement

The N-bound hydrogen atom was located from difference Fourier map and refined freely. The rest of hydrogen atoms were positioned geometrically [C–H = 0.93 or 0.96 Å] and refined using a riding model [ $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2$  or  $1.5U_{eq}$ ]. A rotating-group model were applied for methyl groups.

### Figures

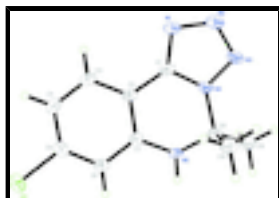


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound with 50% probability ellipsoids for non-H atoms.

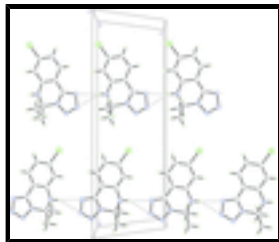


Fig. 2. The crystal packing of title compound, viewed down *b* axis, showing the molecules are linked into chains along *c* axis. Intermolecular hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

## 8-Chloro-5,5-dimethyl-5,6-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-*c*]quinazoline

### Crystal data

$C_{10}H_{10}ClN_5$

$M_r = 235.68$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 6.8324$  (16) Å

$b = 21.532$  (5) Å

$c = 9.4337$  (16) Å

$\beta = 130.823$  (11)°

$V = 1050.2$  (4) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 488$

$D_x = 1.491$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 1888 reflections

$\theta = 3.0$ – $29.9^\circ$

$\mu = 0.34$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 100$  K

Plate, colourless

$0.16 \times 0.11 \times 0.05$  mm

### Data collection

Bruker APEXII DUO CCD  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
graphite

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.948$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.982$

9660 measured reflections

2412 independent reflections

1777 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.066$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 1.9^\circ$

$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$

$k = -27 \rightarrow 27$

$l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.053$

$wR(F^2) = 0.137$

$S = 1.12$

2412 reflections

151 parameters

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0361P)^2 + 1.9098P]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.61$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

0 restraints

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.31 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

*Special details*

**Experimental.** The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cryosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 100.0 (1) K.

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.68351 (15)	0.62515 (4)	0.46138 (11)	0.0285 (2)
N1	0.0252 (5)	0.85800 (13)	-0.2050 (3)	0.0225 (6)
N2	0.0079 (5)	0.92121 (14)	-0.2261 (3)	0.0276 (6)
N3	0.1672 (5)	0.94937 (13)	-0.0661 (3)	0.0248 (6)
N4	0.2938 (4)	0.90385 (12)	0.0634 (3)	0.0192 (5)
N5	0.6368 (5)	0.85848 (12)	0.3484 (3)	0.0210 (6)
C1	0.2056 (5)	0.84885 (14)	-0.0218 (4)	0.0190 (6)
C2	0.3106 (5)	0.79248 (14)	0.0880 (4)	0.0185 (6)
C3	0.2129 (6)	0.73316 (15)	0.0145 (4)	0.0216 (7)
H3A	0.0704	0.7285	-0.1122	0.026*
C4	0.3259 (6)	0.68153 (15)	0.1280 (4)	0.0234 (7)
H4A	0.2613	0.6420	0.0797	0.028*
C5	0.5397 (6)	0.69013 (15)	0.3174 (4)	0.0213 (6)
C6	0.6402 (6)	0.74777 (15)	0.3947 (4)	0.0209 (6)
H6A	0.7816	0.7518	0.5218	0.025*
C7	0.5276 (5)	0.80012 (14)	0.2800 (4)	0.0176 (6)
C8	0.4845 (5)	0.91539 (14)	0.2689 (4)	0.0189 (6)
C9	0.6573 (6)	0.96910 (15)	0.3100 (4)	0.0271 (7)
H9A	0.7358	0.9608	0.2569	0.041*
H9B	0.7896	0.9742	0.4431	0.041*
H9C	0.5561	1.0064	0.2561	0.041*
C10	0.3352 (6)	0.92761 (16)	0.3348 (4)	0.0254 (7)
H10A	0.2294	0.8923	0.3065	0.038*
H10B	0.2275	0.9635	0.2718	0.038*
H10C	0.4549	0.9347	0.4675	0.038*
H1N5	0.751 (8)	0.8595 (18)	0.467 (6)	0.039 (11)*

## supplementary materials

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### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C11	0.0280 (4)	0.0248 (4)	0.0334 (4)	0.0052 (3)	0.0204 (3)	0.0085 (4)
N1	0.0187 (12)	0.0307 (16)	0.0131 (12)	0.0000 (10)	0.0082 (10)	0.0003 (11)
N2	0.0240 (13)	0.0355 (17)	0.0148 (12)	0.0021 (12)	0.0089 (11)	0.0035 (12)
N3	0.0251 (13)	0.0289 (15)	0.0147 (12)	0.0052 (11)	0.0106 (11)	0.0061 (11)
N4	0.0191 (12)	0.0225 (14)	0.0107 (11)	0.0023 (10)	0.0074 (10)	0.0021 (10)
N5	0.0173 (12)	0.0213 (14)	0.0104 (12)	-0.0010 (10)	0.0029 (10)	-0.0017 (10)
C1	0.0154 (13)	0.0267 (16)	0.0135 (13)	-0.0013 (12)	0.0088 (11)	-0.0040 (12)
C2	0.0167 (13)	0.0237 (17)	0.0151 (13)	0.0009 (12)	0.0104 (11)	-0.0009 (12)
C3	0.0182 (14)	0.0282 (18)	0.0166 (14)	-0.0047 (12)	0.0105 (12)	-0.0053 (13)
C4	0.0237 (15)	0.0227 (17)	0.0253 (16)	-0.0048 (13)	0.0166 (13)	-0.0063 (13)
C5	0.0214 (14)	0.0236 (17)	0.0257 (15)	0.0044 (12)	0.0184 (13)	0.0044 (13)
C6	0.0178 (14)	0.0259 (17)	0.0165 (14)	0.0015 (12)	0.0101 (12)	0.0001 (12)
C7	0.0162 (13)	0.0204 (16)	0.0171 (13)	-0.0006 (11)	0.0113 (11)	-0.0016 (12)
C8	0.0174 (13)	0.0207 (16)	0.0135 (13)	-0.0005 (12)	0.0079 (11)	0.0006 (12)
C9	0.0288 (16)	0.0279 (18)	0.0178 (14)	-0.0080 (14)	0.0122 (13)	-0.0009 (13)
C10	0.0240 (15)	0.0300 (19)	0.0195 (15)	0.0002 (13)	0.0130 (13)	-0.0006 (13)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

C11—C5	1.739 (3)	C3—H3A	0.9300
N1—C1	1.326 (4)	C4—C5	1.396 (4)
N1—N2	1.369 (4)	C4—H4A	0.9300
N2—N3	1.297 (4)	C5—C6	1.374 (4)
N3—N4	1.349 (3)	C6—C7	1.394 (4)
N4—C1	1.334 (4)	C6—H6A	0.9300
N4—C8	1.489 (3)	C8—C9	1.511 (4)
N5—C7	1.386 (4)	C8—C10	1.525 (4)
N5—C8	1.458 (4)	C9—H9A	0.9600
N5—H1N5	0.85 (4)	C9—H9B	0.9600
C1—C2	1.445 (4)	C9—H9C	0.9600
C2—C3	1.397 (4)	C10—H10A	0.9600
C2—C7	1.413 (4)	C10—H10B	0.9600
C3—C4	1.378 (4)	C10—H10C	0.9600
C1—N1—N2	104.8 (2)	C5—C6—C7	119.2 (3)
N3—N2—N1	111.6 (2)	C5—C6—H6A	120.4
N2—N3—N4	105.5 (3)	C7—C6—H6A	120.4
C1—N4—N3	109.3 (2)	N5—C7—C6	121.0 (3)
C1—N4—C8	126.8 (2)	N5—C7—C2	119.8 (3)
N3—N4—C8	123.7 (2)	C6—C7—C2	119.0 (3)
C7—N5—C8	122.4 (2)	N5—C8—N4	104.6 (2)
C7—N5—H1N5	113 (3)	N5—C8—C9	109.6 (2)
C8—N5—H1N5	113 (3)	N4—C8—C9	109.5 (2)
N1—C1—N4	108.8 (3)	N5—C8—C10	112.2 (2)
N1—C1—C2	131.4 (3)	N4—C8—C10	108.1 (2)

N4—C1—C2	119.8 (2)	C9—C8—C10	112.4 (3)
C3—C2—C7	120.2 (3)	C8—C9—H9A	109.5
C3—C2—C1	124.0 (3)	C8—C9—H9B	109.5
C7—C2—C1	115.7 (3)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C4—C3—C2	120.6 (3)	C8—C9—H9C	109.5
C4—C3—H3A	119.7	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
C2—C3—H3A	119.7	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
C3—C4—C5	118.3 (3)	C8—C10—H10A	109.5
C3—C4—H4A	120.9	C8—C10—H10B	109.5
C5—C4—H4A	120.9	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C6—C5—C4	122.7 (3)	C8—C10—H10C	109.5
C6—C5—C11	118.8 (2)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C4—C5—C11	118.5 (2)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C1—N1—N2—N3	-0.1 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.8 (4)
N1—N2—N3—N4	0.4 (3)	C11—C5—C6—C7	179.5 (2)
N2—N3—N4—C1	-0.7 (3)	C8—N5—C7—C6	-153.7 (3)
N2—N3—N4—C8	-175.8 (2)	C8—N5—C7—C2	31.3 (4)
N2—N1—C1—N4	-0.3 (3)	C5—C6—C7—N5	-174.1 (3)
N2—N1—C1—C2	179.9 (3)	C5—C6—C7—C2	1.0 (4)
N3—N4—C1—N1	0.6 (3)	C3—C2—C7—N5	174.4 (3)
C8—N4—C1—N1	175.6 (2)	C1—C2—C7—N5	-4.6 (4)
N3—N4—C1—C2	-179.6 (2)	C3—C2—C7—C6	-0.7 (4)
C8—N4—C1—C2	-4.6 (4)	C1—C2—C7—C6	-179.7 (2)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-7.2 (5)	C7—N5—C8—N4	-38.5 (3)
N4—C1—C2—C3	173.0 (3)	C7—N5—C8—C9	-155.9 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C7	171.7 (3)	C7—N5—C8—C10	78.4 (3)
N4—C1—C2—C7	-8.0 (4)	C1—N4—C8—N5	25.7 (4)
C7—C2—C3—C4	0.2 (4)	N3—N4—C8—N5	-159.9 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	179.2 (3)	C1—N4—C8—C9	143.2 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.1 (4)	N3—N4—C8—C9	-42.5 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.4 (4)	C1—N4—C8—C10	-94.0 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C11	-179.9 (2)	N3—N4—C8—C10	80.3 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
N5—H1N5 $\cdots$ N1 <sup>i</sup>	0.85 (4)	2.35 (4)	3.190 (3)	173 (6)
N5—H1N5 $\cdots$ N2 <sup>i</sup>	0.85 (4)	2.57 (4)	3.326 (3)	150 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x+1, y, z+1$ .

Fig. 1

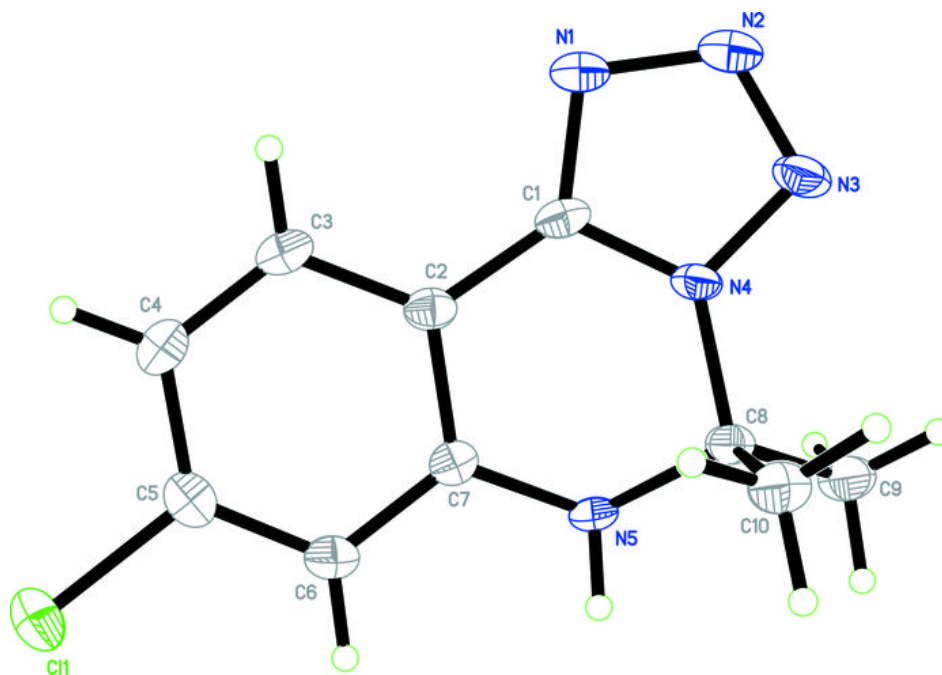




Fig. 2

